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# Safety Data Sheet acc. to OSHA GHS (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Printing date 10/30/2015

Reviewed on 10/30/2015

# **1** Identification

· Product identifier

· Trade name: Stay Silv® Powder Brazing Flux

• Other means of identification • SDS Number: 0137

· Recommended use and restriction on use

· Recommended use: Metal Brazing

· Restrictions on use: No relevant information available.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information
 Manufacturer/Supplier:
 Harris Products Group
 4501 Quality Place
 Mason, Ohio 45040 US
 513-754-2000

Safety Data Sheet Questions: salesinfo@jwharris.com
 Arc Welding Safety Information: www.lincolnelectric.com/safety

• **24-Hour Emergency Response Telephone Numbers:** 1-866-519-4752 (USA, Canada, Mexico only)

(+) 1-760-476-3962

· 3E Company Access Code: 333895

#### 2 Hazard(s) identification

Classified according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS), OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) and the Canadian Controlled Products Regulations.

#### · Classification of the substance or mixture



GHS08 Health hazard

Repr. 1B H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.

GHS07

Acute Tox. 4 H302 Harmful if swallowed.

Acute Tox. 4 H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

Acute Tox. 4 H332 Harmful if inhaled.

Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Causes skin irritation.

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		(Cont'd. of page 1)
Eye Irrit. 2A	1319 Causes serious eye irritation.	
• Additional info		
	ther hazards not otherwise classified that have been ident	tified.
0 % of the mixt	ure consists of component(s) of unknown toxicity.	
· Label element	s	
· GHS label eler	-	
	classified and labeled according to the Globally Harmoniz	zed System (GHS).
Hazard pictog		
( ) ) ( ]		
GHS07 GHS	08	
· Signal word: [	)anger	
-	•	
	nining components of labeling:	
potassium fluor	ide	
boric acid		
<ul> <li>Hazard statem</li> </ul>		
H302 Harmful i		
	n contact with skin.	
H332 Harmful i		
H315 Causes s		
	serious eye irritation.	
	age fertility or the unborn child.	
• Precautionary		
P201	Obtain special instructions before use.	
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been r	ead and understood.
P261	Avoid breathing dust.	
P264	Wash thoroughly after handling.	
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protective	tion.
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.	
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.	
P305+P351+P3	338 If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several m	inutes. Remove contact lenses, if
	present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.	
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.	
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep co	omfortable for breathing.
P330	Rinse mouth.	
P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attentic	
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reu	use.
P405	Store locked up.	
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with lo	ocal/regional/national/international
	regulations.	(Contid on serie 2)
		(Cont'd. on page 3)

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40-70%

10-30%

5-15%

1-15%

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#### · Additional information:

#### • Other hazards which do not result in GHS classification:

Heat rays (infrared radiation) from flame or hot metal can injure eyes. Overexposure to brazing fumes and gases can be hazardous. Read and understand the manufacturer's instructions, Safety Data Sheets and the precautionary labels before using this product.

# **3** Composition/information on ingredients

#### · Chemical characterization: Mixtures

· Description: Mixture: consisting of the following components.

#### · Dangerous components:

14075-53-7 potassium tetrafluoroborate

7789-23-3 potassium fluoride

584-08-7 potassium carbonate

#### 10043-35-3 boric acid

#### Additional information:

For the listed ingredient(s), the identity and exact percentage(s) are being withheld as a trade secret. Composition comments:

The term "Dangerous components" should be interpreted as a term defined in Hazard Communication standards and does not necessarily imply the existence of a hazard. The product may contain additional nonhazardous ingredients or may form additional compounds under the condition of use. Refer to Sections 2 and 8 for more information.

#### 4 First-aid measures

#### Description of first aid measures

· General information: Provide oxygen treatment if affected person has difficulty breathing.

#### · After inhalation:

Move to fresh air if breathing is difficult. If breathing has stopped, perform artificial respiration and obtain medical assistance at once.

#### · After skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water. For reddened or blistered skin, or thermal burns, obtain medical assistance at once.

#### · After eye contact:

Dust or fume from this product should be flushed from the eyes with copious amounts of clean, tepid water until transported to an emergency medical facility. Do not allow victim to rub or keep eyes tightly closed. Obtain medical assistance at once.

#### · After swallowing:

Rinse out mouth and then drink plenty of water.

Do not induce vomiting; immediately call for medical help.

#### · Information for doctor

· Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Nausea

Irritant to eves.

Irritant to skin and mucous membranes.

Gastric or intestinal disorders when ingested.

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Breathing difficulty

Coughing

· Danger:

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.

Brazing hazards are complex and may include physical and health hazards such as but not limited to infrared radiation from flame or hot metal, physical strains, thermal burns due to hot metal or spatter and potential health effects of overexposure to brazing fume or dust. Refer to Section 11 for more information. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed: Treat symptomatically.

#### 5 Fire-fighting measures

· Extinguishing media

· Suitable extinguishing agents:

As shipped, the product will not burn. In case of fire in the surroundings: use appropriate extinguishing agent.

For metal fires: Use specific agents only.

- For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents: For metal fires: Use specific agents only.
- · Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Infrared radiation from flame or hot metal can ignite combustibles and flammable products.

- Advice for firefighters
- · Special fire fighting procedures:

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Protective equipment:

Wear self-contained respiratory protective device.

Wear fully protective suit.

· Additional information:

Read and understand American National Standard Z49.1, "Safety In Welding, Cutting and Allied Processes" and National Fire rotection Association NFPA 51B, "Standard for Fire Prevention During Welding, Cutting and Other Hot Work" before using this product.

#### 6 Accidental release measures

· Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

If airborne dust and/or fume is present, use adequate engineering controls and, if needed, personal protection to prevent overexposure. Refer to recommendations in Section 8.

#### Environmental precautions:

Avoid release to the environment.

Damp down dust with water spray.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Clean up spills immediately, observing precautions in the personal protective equipment in Section 8. Avoid generating dust. Prevent product from entering any drains, sewers or water sources. Pick up mechanically.

Send for recovery or disposal in suitable receptacles.

Dispose contaminated material as waste according to item 13.

**Reference to other sections:** 

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

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See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment. See Section 13 for disposal information.

## 7 Handling and storage

· Handling

#### Precautions for safe handling:

Avoid breathing dust.

Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.

Any deposit of dust which cannot be avoided must be regularly removed.

Read and understand the manufacturer's instruction and the precautionary label on the product. Refer to Lincoln Safety Publications at www.lincolnelectric.com/safety. See American National Standard Z49.1, "Safety In Welding, Cutting and Allied Processes" published by the American Welding Society, http:// pubs.aws.org and OSHA Publication 2206 (29CFR1910), U.S. Government Printing Office, www.gpo.gov. Information about protection against explosions and fires: No special measures required.

· Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

· Storage

· Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:

Store in closed original container in a dry place. Store away from incompatible materials. Store in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

· Information about storage in one common storage facility: No special requirements.

• Further information about storage conditions: No special requirements.

· Specific end use(s): No relevant information available.

#### 8 Exposure controls/personal protection

• Additional information about design of technical systems: No further data; see item 7.

#### · Control parameters

#### Exposure Guidelines:

Threshold Limit Values (TLVs) and Biological Exposure Indices (BEIs) are values published by the American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH). ACGIH Statement of Positions Regarding the TLVs® and BEIs® states that the TLV-TWA should be used as a guide in the control of health hazards and should not be used to indicate a fine line between safe and dangerous exposures. See Sections 2, 3, 8, 10, and 11 for information on potential fume constituents of health interest. Threshold Limit Values are figures published by the American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists.

Components with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:

These components may be present

14075-53-7 pc	otassium tetrafluoroborate	
PEL (USA)	Long-term value: 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	as F	
REL (USA)	Long-term value: 2.5 mg/m³ as F	
TLV (USA)	Long-term value: 2.5 mg/m³ as F, BEI	
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		(Cont'd. of page 5)
EL (Canada)	Long-term value: 2.5 mg/m³ as F	
LMPE (Mexic	co) Long-term value: 2.5 mg/m³ A4, IBE; como F	
7789-23-3 po	otassium fluoride	
PEL (USA)	Long-term value: 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> as F	
REL (USA)	Long-term value: 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> as F	
TLV (USA)	Long-term value: 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> as F, BEI	
EL (Canada)	Long-term value: 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> as F	
LMPE (Mexic	co) Long-term value: 2.5 mg/m³ A4, IBE; como F	
10043-35-3 b	poric acid	
TLV (USA)	Short-term value: 6* mg/m³ Long-term value: 2* mg/m³ *as inhalable fraction	
EL (Canada)	Short-term value: 6 mg/m³ Long-term value: 2 mg/m³	
EV (Canada)	Short-term value: 6 mg/m³ Long-term value: 2 mg/m³ inorganic, inhalable	
LMPE (Mexic	<ul> <li>Short-term value: 6* mg/m³</li> <li>Long-term value: 2* mg/m³</li> <li>A4;*fracción inhalable</li> </ul>	
· Ingredients v	with biological limit values:	
14075-53-7 p	ootassium tetrafluoroborate	
Ti	mg/L ledium: urine ime: prior to shift 'arameter: Fluoride (background, nonspecific)	
	mg/L 1edium: urine ime: end of shift Parameter: Fluoride (background, nonspecific)	
		(Cont'd. on page 7)

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(Cont'd. of page 6) 7789-23-3 potassium fluoride BEI (USA) 2 mg/L Medium: urine Time: prior to shift Parameter: Fluoride (background, nonspecific) 3 mg/L Medium: urine Time: end of shift Parameter: Fluoride (background, nonspecific) · Exposure controls · Personal protective equipment: · General protective and hygienic measures: The usual precautionary measures for handling chemicals should be followed. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Determine the composition and quantity of fumes and gases to which workers are exposed by taking an air sample from inside the welder's helmet if worn or in the worker's breathing zone. Improve ventilation if exposures are not below limits. See ANSI/AWS F1.1, F1.2, F1.3 and F1.5, available from the American Welding Society, www.aws.org. Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. · Engineering controls: No relevant information available. · Ventilation Use enough ventilation, local exhaust at the flame or heat source, or both to keep the fumes and gases from the worker's breathing zone and the general area. Train the operator to keep his head out of the fumes. Keep exposure as low as possible. Breathing equipment: Particulate mask should filter at least 99% of airborne particles. Keep your head out of fumes. Use enough ventilation and local exhaust to keep fumes and gases from your breathing zone and the general area. An approved respirator should be used unless exposure assessments are below applicable exposure limits. · Protection of hands: Thermally-protective gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier. The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation. Eye protection: Wear glasses or face shield with appropriate shading for brazing operations. · Body protection: Protective work clothing (Cont'd. on page 8)

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• Limitation and supervision of exposure into the environment No special requirements. • Risk management measures No special requirements.

9 Physical and chemical properties		
· Information on basic physical and	chemical properties	
· General information		
· Appearance:		
Form:	Powder	
Color:	White	
· Odor:	Odorless	
· Odor threshold:	Not determined.	
· pH-value:	Not applicable.	
Change in condition:		
Melting point/Melting range:	Not determined.	
Boiling point/Boiling range:	Not determined.	
· Flash point:	Not applicable.	
· Flammability (solid, gaseous):	Not determined.	
· Auto-ignition temperature:	Not determined.	
· Decomposition temperature:	Not determined.	
· Auto igniting:	Product is not self-igniting.	
· Danger of explosion:	Product does not present an explosion hazard.	
· Explosion limits:		
Lower:	Not determined.	
Upper:	Not determined.	
· Vapor pressure:	Not applicable.	
· Density:	Not determined.	
· Relative density:	Not determined.	
· Vapor density:	Not applicable.	
· Evaporation rate:	Not applicable.	
· Solubility in / Miscibility with:		
Water:	Partly soluble.	
· Partition coefficient (n-octanol/wa	ter): Not determined.	
· Viscosity:		
Dynamic:	Not applicable.	
Kinematic:	Not applicable.	
· Other information	No relevant information available.	

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#### 10 Stability and reactivity

• **Reactivity:** The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport. • **Chemical stability:** Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

- Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided:
- No decomposition if used and stored according to specifications.

Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Reacts with strong acids and alkali.

Reacts with strong oxidizing agents.

As the product is supplied it is not capable of dust explosion; however enrichment with fine dust causes risk of dust explosion.

· Conditions to avoid: Avoid heat or contamination.

· Incompatible materials: No relevant information available.

· Hazardous decomposition products:

Brazing fumes and gases cannot be classified simply. The composition and products: quantity of both are dependent upon the metal being joined, the process, procedure and filler metals and flux used. Other conditions which also influence the composition and quantity of the fumes and gases to which workers may be exposed include: coatings on the metal being joined (such as paint, plating, or galvanizing), the number of operators and the volume of the worker area, the quality and amount of ventilation, the position of the operator's head with respect to the fume and fumes from chemical fluxes used in some brazing operations.

#### 11 Toxicological information

· Information on likely routes of exposure

- Ingestion: Unlikely route of exposure.
- · Inhalation:

Potential chronic health hazards related to the use of welding consumables are most applicable to the inhalation route of exposure.

· Skin Contact: Heat rays can burn skin.

• Eye Contact: Heat rays (infrared radiation from flame) or hot metal can injure eyes.

- · Information on toxicological effects
- · Inhalation

Short-term (acute) overexposure to brazing fumes may result in discomfort such as metal fume fever, dizziness, nausea, or dryness or irritation of nose, throat, or eyes. May aggravate pre-existing respiratory problems (e.g. asthma, emphysema). Long-term (chronic) overexposure to brazing fumes can lead to siderosis (iron deposits in lung), central nervous system effects, bronchitis and other pulmonary effects. **Acute toxicity:** 

# · LD/LC50 values that are relevant for classification:

#### 7789-23-3 potassium fluoride

Oral LD50 245 mg/kg (rat)

10043-35-3 boric acid

Oral LD50 2660 mg/kg (rat)

#### Primary irritant effect:

· On the skin: Irritant to skin and mucous membranes.

• On the eye: Irritating effect.

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<ul> <li>Sensitization: No sensitizing effects known.</li> <li>Additional toxicological information:</li> </ul>	(Cont'd. of page 9
Organic polymers may be used in the manufacture of decomposition byproducts may result in a condition usually occurs within 4 to 8 hours of exposure with t pulmonary irritation with or without an increase in b increase in white blood cell count. Resolution of sy longer than 48 hours.	known as polymer fume fever. Polymer fume fever the presentation of flu like symptoms, including mild ody temperature. Signs of exposure can include ar
· Carcinogenic categories	
· IARC (International Agency for Research on Canc	er)
14075-53-7 potassium tetrafluoroborate	3
7789-23-3 potassium fluoride	3
NTP (National Toxicology Program):	
None of the ingredients are listed.	
· OSHA-Ca (Occupational Safety & Health Administ	ration):
None of the ingredients are listed.	,
CMR effects (carcinogenity, mutagenicity and tox Repr. 1B Germ cell mutagenicity: Based on available data, the Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classi Reproductive toxicity: May damage fertility or the un STOT-single exposure: Based on available data, the STOT-repeated exposure: Based on available data, the classical data, the classical data, the clas	e classification criteria are not met. fication criteria are not met. hborn child. e classification criteria are not met. the classification criteria are not met.
12 Ecological information	
<ul> <li>Persistence and degradability: No relevant informat</li> <li>Behavior in environmental systems</li> <li>Bioaccumulative potential: No relevant information</li> <li>Mobility in soil: No relevant information available.</li> <li>Additional ecological information</li> <li>General notes: Negative ecological effects are, according to the curre Do not allow undiluted product or large quantities o system.</li> <li>Results of PBT and vPvB assessment</li> <li>PBT: Not applicable.</li> </ul>	available. ent state of knowledge, not expected.
• vPvB: Not applicable.	
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• Other adverse effects: No relevant information available.

### **13 Disposal considerations**

#### Waste treatment methods

· Recommendation:

The user of this material has the responsibility to dispose of unused material, residues and containers in compliance with all relevant local, state and federal laws and regulations regarding treatment, storage and disposal for hazardous and nonhazardous wastes.

#### · Uncleaned packagings

• **Recommendation:** Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

14 Transport information	
· UN-Number · DOT, ADR, IMDG, IATA	Not regulated.
<ul> <li>UN proper shipping name</li> <li>DOT, ADR, IMDG, IATA</li> </ul>	Not regulated.
· Transport hazard class(es)	
· DOT, ADR, IMDG, IATA · Class	Not regulated.
<ul> <li>Packing group</li> <li>DOT, ADR, IMDG, IATA</li> </ul>	Not regulated.
<ul> <li>Environmental hazards</li> <li>Marine pollutant:</li> </ul>	No
· Special precautions for user	Not applicable.
<ul> <li>Transport in bulk according to Annex II MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code</li> </ul>	l of Not applicable.
· UN "Model Regulation"	Not regulated.

## 15 Regulatory information

· Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

· US Federal Regulations

None of the ingredients are listed.

· SARA

#### · Section 302 (extremely hazardous substances):

None of the ingredients are listed.

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· Section 304 (emergency release notification):	
None of the ingredients are listed.	
• Sections 311/312 (hazardous chemical threshold planning quantity in po	unds):
None of the ingredients are listed.	
· Section 313 (TRI reporting)	
None of the ingredients are listed.	
· Section 355 (extremely hazardous substances):	
None of the ingredients are listed.	
CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4):	
None of the ingredients are listed.	
TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act)	
All ingredients are listed.	
<ul> <li>Clean Water Act Section 311 Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 117.3) None present or none present in regulated quantities.</li> <li>Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CF None present or none present in regulated quantities.</li> <li>Proposition 65 (California)</li> </ul>	R 68.130):
· Chemicals known to cause cancer:	
None of the ingredients are listed.	
· Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for females:	
None of the ingredients are listed.	
• Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for males:	
None of the ingredients are listed.	
· Chemicals known to cause developmental toxicity:	
None of the ingredients are listed.	
· Carcinogenic categories	
EPA (Environmental Protection Agency):	
14075-53-7 potassium tetrafluoroborate	l (oral)
10043-35-3 boric acid	l (oral)
TLV (Threshold Limit Value established by ACGIH):	
14075-53-7 potassium tetrafluoroborate	A4
7789-23-3 potassium fluoride	A4
10043-35-3 boric acid	A4
• NIOSH-Ca (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health):	
None of the ingredients are listed.	
State Right to Know Listings	
US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act	
potassium fluoride	
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<sup>·</sup> US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List	
potassium fluoride	
· US. Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances	
potassium fluoride	
· US. Rhode Island RTK	
potassium fluoride	
· Canada · Canadian substance listings	
· Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL):	
All ingredients are listed.	
· Canada Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	
None of the ingredients are listed.	
· Canadian Ingredient Disclosure list (limit 0.1%):	
None of the ingredients are listed.	
· Canadian Ingredient Disclosure list (limit 1%):	
584-08-7 potassium carbonate	
10043-35-3 boric acid	

## **16 Other information**

· Date of preparation / last revision 10/30/2015 / -

· Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road) IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods DOT: US Department of Transportation IATA: International Air Transport Association ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society) DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (RÈACH) PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (REACH) LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity, Hazard Category 4 Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation, Hazard Category 2 Eye Irrit. 2A: Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Hazard Category 2A Repr. 1B: Reproductive toxicity, Hazard Category 1B Sources SDS Prepared by: ChemTel Inc. 1305 North Florida Avenue Tampa, Florida USA 33602-2902 Toll Free North America 1-888-255-3924 Intl. +01 813-248-0573

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Website: www.chemtelinc.com

**Disclaimer:** 

We urge each end user and recipient of this SDS to study it carefully. If necessary consult an industrial hygienist or other expert to understand this information and safeguard the environment and protect workers from potential hazards associated with the handling or use of this product.

Harris Products Group cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for use, handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.